

## **PDEOZE PowerContainer**

# **Mongolia s Regulations on Wind-Solar Complementary Construction of Communication Base Stations**



## Overview

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Can Mongolia become a major wind power producer?

With this resource, it is possible to fully satisfy the domestic energy consumption, but also meet the energy demand of the Northeast Asian region if the energy transmission infrastructure is optimally resolved. Mongolia has potential to become one of the major wind power producers.

What are Mongolia's Energy goals?

The government of Mongolia has set targets to increase the share of generation capacity from renewable energy sources to 20% by 2023 and 30% by 2030, and to build export-oriented power plants.

How much solar energy is available in Mongolia?

About 270-300 sunny days per year with an average sunlight duration of 2,250-3,300 hours are available in most regions of Mongolia. Annual average amount of solar energy is 1,400 kWh/ m<sup>2</sup> with solar intensity of 4.3-4.7 kWh/m<sup>2</sup> per day.

What type of energy is used in Mongolia?

In Mongolia, total primary energy supplies continue to be dominated by coal, and electricity generation is largely provided by coal-fired power plants, particularly combined heat and power plants. In 2018, 93% of all electricity was produced by thermal power plants, and 98% of all district heat was provided by coal-fired systems.

How much wind power is available in Mongolia?

Wind power classification of Good-to-Excellent wind power resources are equivalent to 1,113,300 MW of wind electric About 270-300 sunny days per year with an average sunlight duration of 2,250-3,300 hours are available in most regions of Mongolia.

## Mongolia's Regulations on Wind-Solar Complementary Construction

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Implement the special action for the innovation and development of the photovoltaic industry, accelerate the construction of the first batch of new energy projects for large-scale ...

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highlighting related legislation and the financing for renewable energy projects.

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To comply with the Mongolian law, power producers have often in practice chosen to conclude PPAs with both the NDC and the transmitter, under implicit approval of the authorities.

Scenario 0: "minGW" capacity in 2020, connected to Mongolian 220kV power grid, only for Mongolia electricity consumption. The "minGW" capacity refers to the available connection ...

The National Renewable Energy Center (NREC) estimates that Mongolia's total renewable energy potential is 2.6 terawatts (TW), a potentially huge resource base for ...

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Nowadays construction and apartment have become "SMARTER" and systematization and network have connected with each component of infrastructure of ...

The company will take this project as the blueprint and focus on creating a product line suitable for the complementary industry of wind and solar energy, as well as creating a comprehensive ...

Mongolia's total renewable energy potential is 2600 gigawatts (GW), over 1000 times larger than the 1.6 GW installed capacity of Mongolia's electricity system. In the decades ahead, this ...

Mongolia's energy policies and the status of discussions with nations in the region regarding infrastructure for energy sharing are also updated and summarized.

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